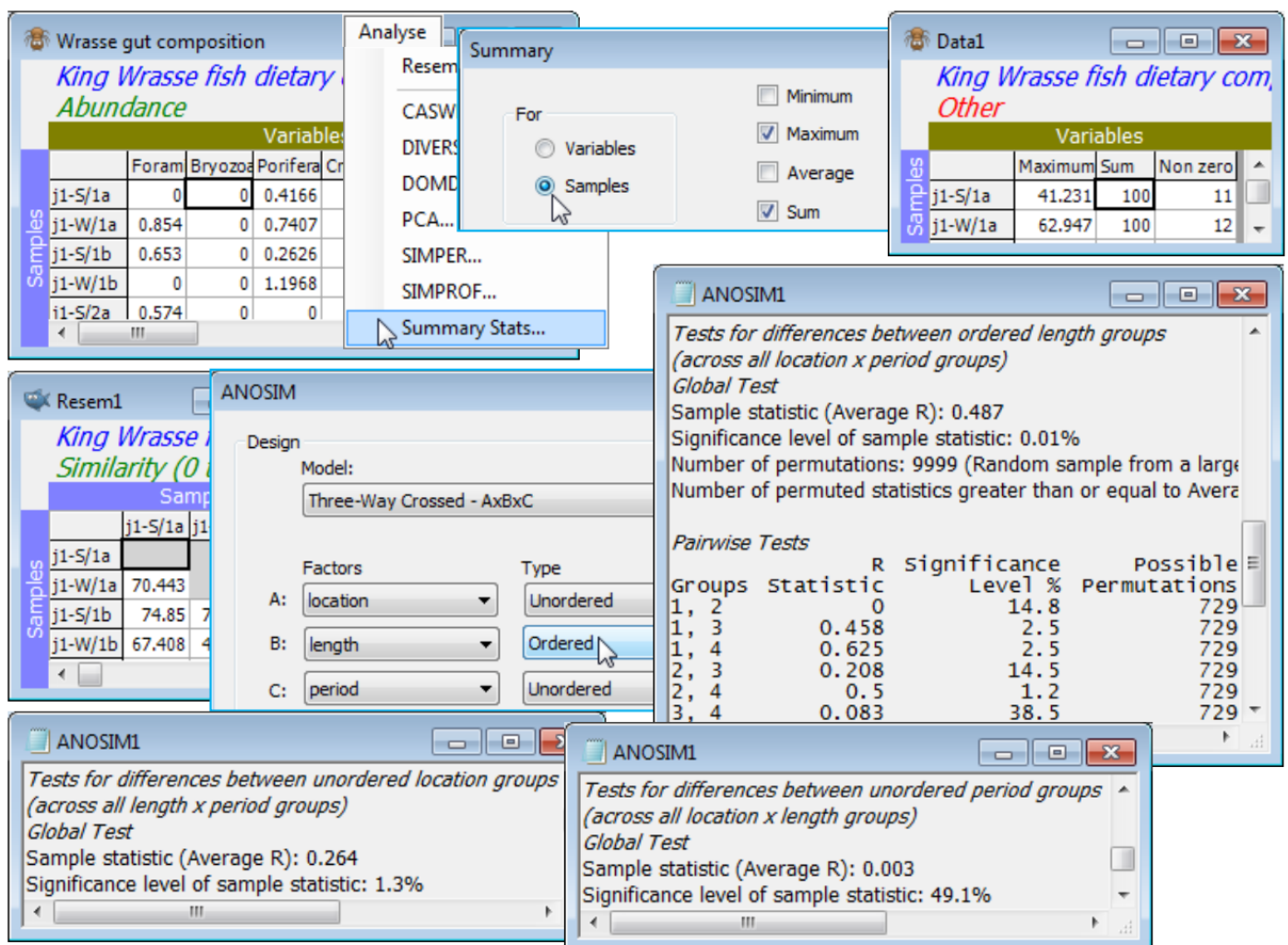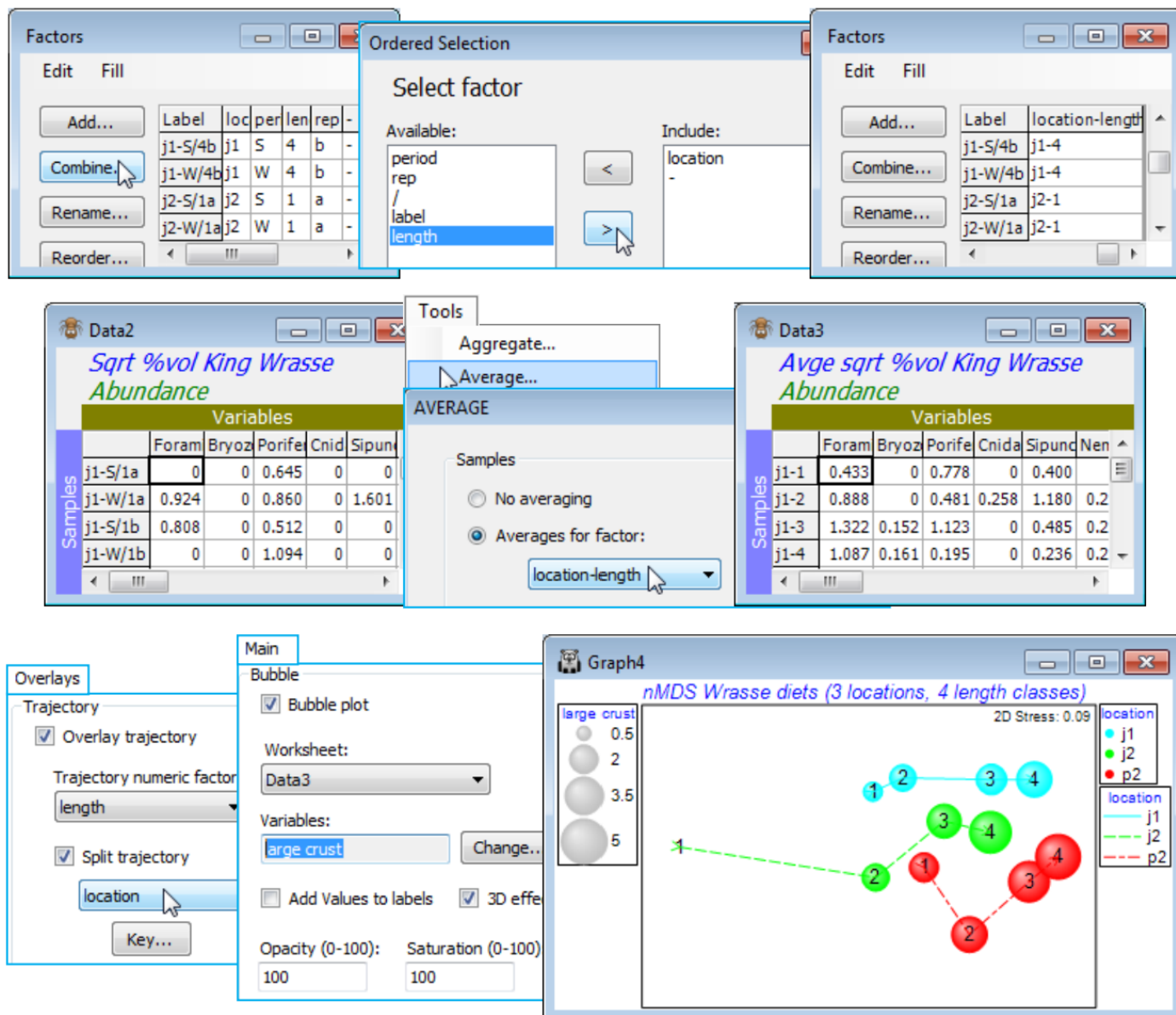# 3-way crossed ANOSIM (King Wrasse diets)

A dietary study of W Australian fish concerns composition by the volume of taxa (21 broad dietary categories: gastropods, bivalves, annelids, etc.) in the foregut of King Wrasse from one of 4 length-classes, caught in 3 locations in 2 periods of the year and 2 replicate times of sampling within each period (each replicate is a similar-sized pool of gut content of fish in each length-class). The data is Wrasse gut composition in C:\Examples v7\Wrasse diets. More detail is given in Chapter 6, CiMC; the analysis is from a wider study by Lek E *et al* 2011, *J Fish Biol* 78: 1913-1943.

This is an example of a 3-way fully crossed design with replication, $A\times B\times C$, with A: location, B: length and C: period. A test of the null hypothesis of no effect, of each of the factors in turn, simply uses the earlier 2-way crossed design, e.g. with first factor A and second the *flattened* $B\times C$ factor. The latter places all combinations of the levels of B and C in a single factor (using **Edit>Factors>Combine** and placing the B and C factor names in the Include box). The 2-way test for factor A now therefore constructs a 1-way ANOSIM R statistic for each combination of levels of B and C, and averages those, testing this against permutations constrained to stay within the $B\times C$ levels. The same procedure is followed for each factor, so B is tested having removed the effect of $A\times C$, and C is tested have removed any effect of both A and B (or their interaction). So, whilst this could all be carried out by three separate runs of 2-way crossed ANOSIM, it is more conveniently (in PRIMER 7) performed by specifying the 3-way crossed design $A\times B\times C$. The resulting three average R values can then validly be compared, to determine the relative overall magnitude of the three effects.

Here, the 3 levels of the *location* factor are not ordered, and there are only 2 *periods* (so whether treated as ordered or not is immaterial), but the 4 *length* classes of the predator wrasse are clearly ordered – the expectation is that, if the diet changes at all, it will do so in progressive fashion as the fish matures. So, check that the samples are already standardised to add to 100% across the dietary categories by **Analyse>Summary Stats**>(For•Samples) & (✓Sum) – you may want to leave other boxes checked also – and square-root transform then compute Bray-Curtis similarities, and input to **Analyse>ANOSIM**>(Model: Three-Way Crossed - AxBxC)>(Factors A: location) & (B: length) & (C: period), with B Ordered, specifying (Max permutations: 9999). The average R values show that B (0.49, p<0.01%) is the largest effect, then A (0.26, p<1.5%), but that C has no effect at all (0.00). The pairwise average R values for the length-class effect show the increasing differences in diet with difference in fish lengths, exactly as would be expected for an ordered factor (you may wish to re-run the analysis for an unordered B factor and note how this reduces its global average R value).

Wrasse gut composition — King Wrasse fish dietary / Abundance

Variables

	Foram	Bryozoa	Porifera	Cr
j1-S/1a	0	0	0.4166	
j1-W/1a	0.854	0	0.7407	
j1-S/1b	0.653	0	0.2626	
j1-W/1b	0	0	1.1968	
i1-S/2a	0.574	0	0	

Analyse
Resem
CASW
DIVERS
DOMD
PCA...
SIMPER...
SIMPROF...
Summary Stats...

Summary
For
○ Variables
● Samples

☐ Minimum
☑ Maximum
☐ Average
☑ Sum

Data1 — King Wrasse fish dietary com / Other

Variables

	Maximum	Sum	Non zero
j1-S/1a	41.231	100	11
j1-W/1a	62.947	100	12

Resem1 — King Wrasse / Similarity (0)

Samp

	j1-S/1a	j1
j1-S/1a		
j1-W/1a	70.443	
j1-S/1b	74.85	7
j1-W/1b	67.408	4

ANOSIM
Design
Model: Three-Way Crossed - AxBxC

Factors		Type
A:	location	Unordered
B:	length	Ordered
C:	period	Unordered

ANOSIM1
Tests for differences between ordered length groups (across all location x period groups)
Global Test
Sample statistic (Average R): 0.487
Significance level of sample statistic: 0.01%
Number of permutations: 9999 (Random sample from a large
Number of permuted statistics greater than or equal to Avera

Pairwise Tests

Groups	R Statistic	Significance Level %	Possible Permutations
1, 2	0	14.8	729
1, 3	0.458	2.5	729
1, 4	0.625	2.5	729
2, 3	0.208	14.5	729
2, 4	0.5	1.2	729
3, 4	0.083	38.5	729

ANOSIM1
Tests for differences between unordered location groups (across all length x period groups)
Global Test
Sample statistic (Average R): 0.264
Significance level of sample statistic: 1.3%

ANOSIM1
Tests for differences between unordered period groups (across all location x length groups)
Global Test
Sample statistic (Average R): 0.003
Significance level of sample statistic: 49.1%

Given the clear absence of a period effect, a useful summary would be to average the (transformed) data over both the replicates and the periods (by **Tools>Average** and supply the combined factor for A$\times$B), recalculate the similarities and enter nMDS. The plot exemplifies a split trajectory, with **Special>Overlays** for length, splitting by location; you might also like to recreate the bubble plot of Fig. 6.15 of CiMC by adding a dietary component. Save and close the workspace (Wrasse ws).

Factors
Edit   Fill

Add... | Label | loc | per | len | rep | -
Combine... | j1-S/4b | j1 | S | 4 | b | -
Rename... | j1-W/4b | j1 | W | 4 | b | -
Reorder... | j2-S/1a | j2 | S | 1 | a | -
| j2-W/1a | j2 | W | 1 | a | -

Ordered Selection

Select factor

Available:
period
rep
/
label
length

Include:
location
-

Factors
Edit   Fill

Add... | Label | location-length
Combine... | j1-S/4b | j1-4
Rename... | j1-W/4b | j1-4
Reorder... | j2-S/1a | j2-1
| j2-W/1a | j2-1

Data2

Sqrt %vol King Wrasse Abundance

Variables

Samples	Foram	Bryoz	Porife	Cnid	Sipun
j1-S/1a	0	0	0.645	0	0
j1-W/1a	0.924	0	0.860	0	1.601
j1-S/1b	0.808	0	0.512	0	0
j1-W/1b	0	0	1.094	0	0

Tools
Aggregate...
Average...

AVERAGE

Samples
○ No averaging
● Averages for factor:
location-length

Data3

Avge sqrt %vol King Wrasse Abundance

Variables

Samples	Foram	Bryoz	Porife	Cnida	Sipunc	Nem
j1-1	0.433	0	0.778	0	0.400	
j1-2	0.888	0	0.481	0.258	1.180	0.2
j1-3	1.322	0.152	1.123	0	0.485	0.2
j1-4	1.087	0.161	0.195	0	0.236	0.2

Overlays

Trajectory
☑ Overlay trajectory
Trajectory numeric factor
length
☑ Split trajectory
location
Key...

Main

Bubble
☑ Bubble plot
Worksheet:
Data3
Variables:
large crust   Change..
☐ Add Values to labels   ☑ 3D effe
Opacity (0-100):   Saturation (0-100)
100   100

Graph4

nMDS Wrasse diets (3 locations, 4 length classes)

large crust
0.5
2
3.5
5

2D Stress: 0.09

location
● j1
● j2
● p2

location
— j1
— j2
— p2

Revision #5
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