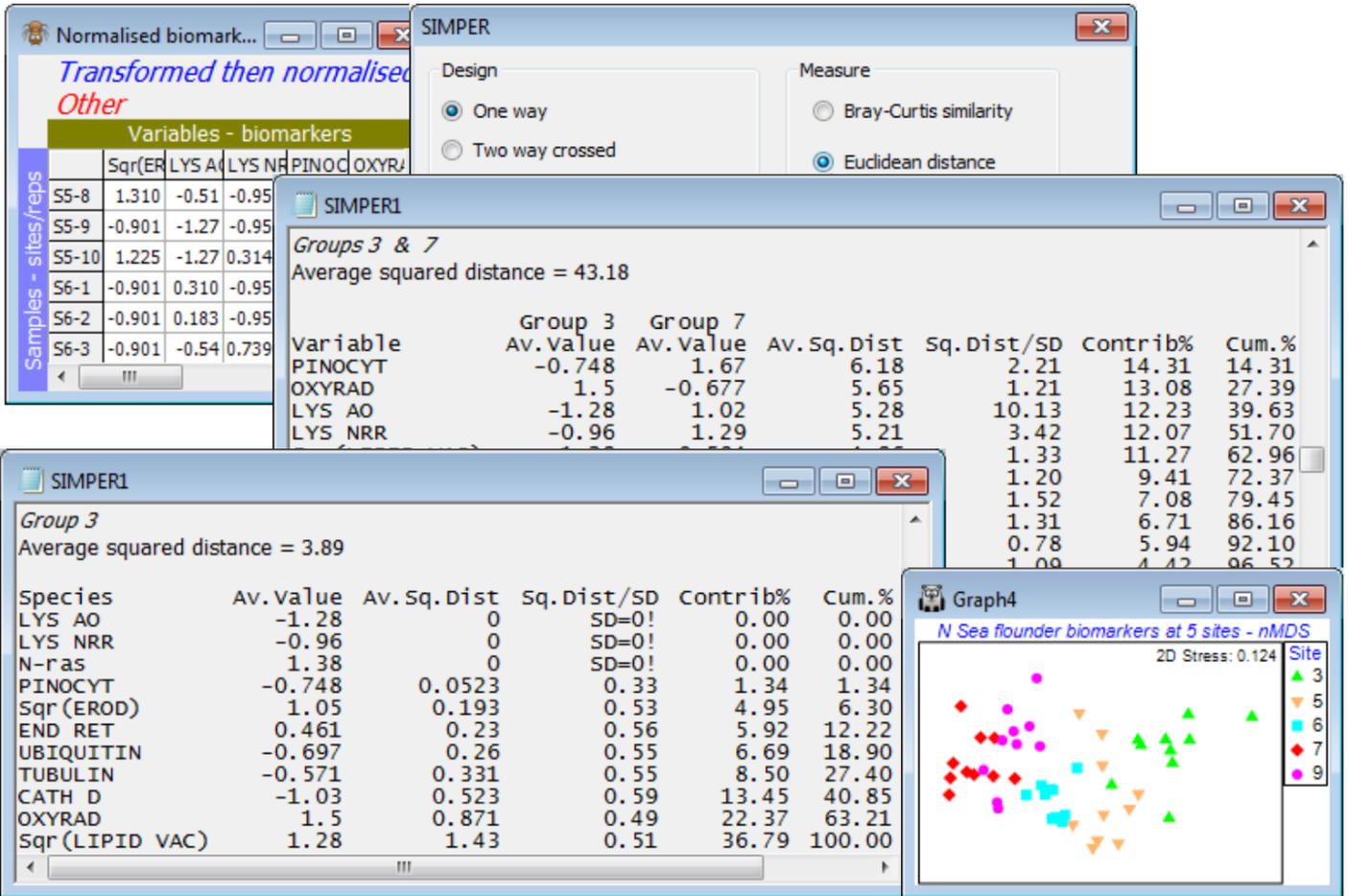


SIMPER on (squared) Euclidean (N Sea biomarkers)

Save and close **Tasmania ws** and, as a last example, open the recently closed **N Sea ws** workspace. On the **Normalised biomarkers** sheet, run **Analyse>SIMPER>**(Design•One way>Factor A: Site) & (Measure•Euclidean distance), unchecking the box which truncates the listings. The contaminant gradient tends to decline from site 3 (mouth of the Elbe) to 7 and increase on the Dogger Bank (9), and the table comparing sites 3 and 7 gives the highest average Euclidean distance squared from all 11 biomarkers - these are also the two endpoint sites of the gradient seen on the biomarker *n* MDS plot of Section 9 (and ANOSIM $R = 0.99$ for 3 vs 7). The normalisation puts all biomarkers on an equi-variable scale so all are likely to contribute something, but *Pinocytosis*, *Oxyradicals* and the two *Lysosomal stability* indices head the list of discriminating variables for these sites (evident also from the *coherent variables* line-plots recently seen). [The SIMPER breakdown is defined naturally in terms of squared Euclidean distance, not Euclidean itself - eqtn (2.13) of CiMC - but this is not important to PRIMER because ANOSIM tests, *n*MDS etc. all work on ranks of these distances and those are identical between Euclidean and Euclidean squared]. The starting tables in the output that give breakdown of distances within groups are somewhat less natural than they are for Bray-Curtis, (for which both similarity and dissimilarity can be written as a natural sum over species - see eqtns (7.2) and (7.3), CiMC). They are again read from the top downwards, starting with variables which contribute least to the average Euclidean distance (squared) within a group - the key information to scan being column 2. For site 3, having a low average within-group distance (squared) of 3.9 (c.f. 43.2 between sites 3 and 7), the lysosomal stability and *Pinocytosis* are zero, and *N-ras* and *EROD* consistently high for nearly all samples (an indication of impact); these indices fill the top 5 places.



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